

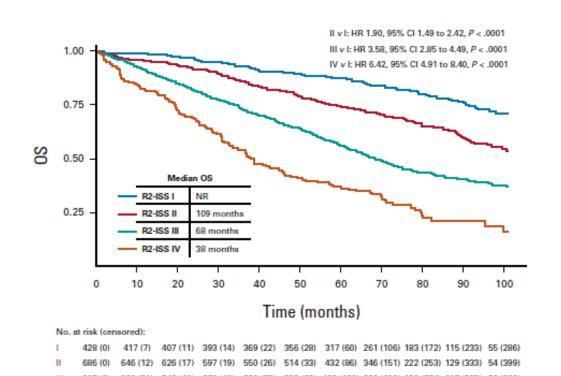
Phase I Open-Label Single-Arm Study of BCMA/CD19 Dual-Targeting Fast CAR-T Cells (GC012F) as First-Line Therapy for Transplant-Eligible Newly Diagnosed High-Risk Multiple Myeloma

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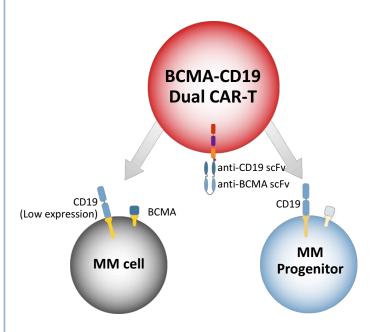
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High-risk disease in NDMM and GC012F



GC012F: Targeting BCMA/CD19 is designed to drive fast, deep and durable responses in multiple myeloma (MM) patients



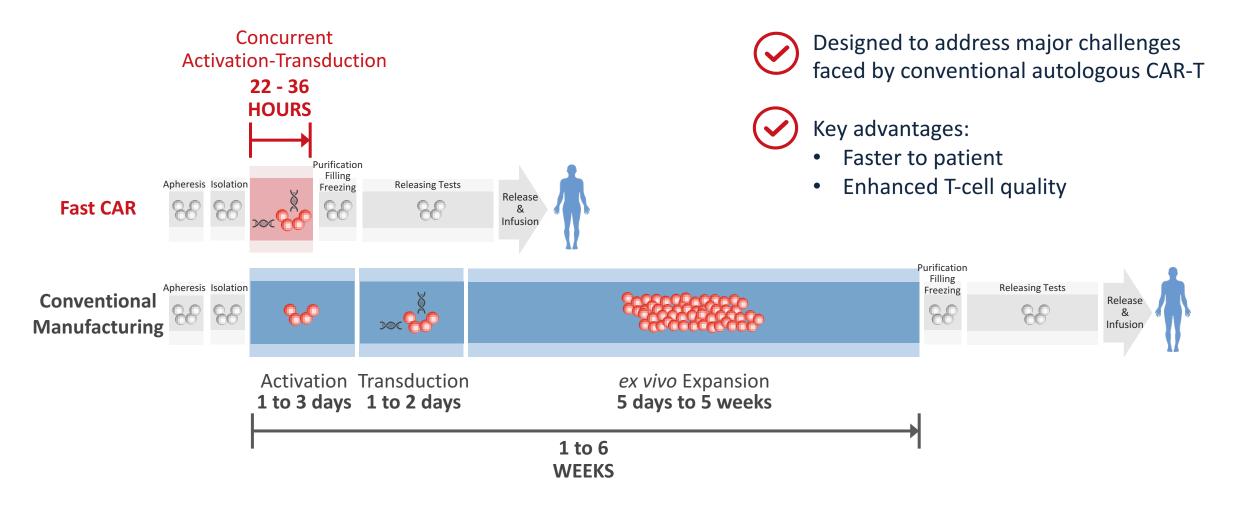
- BCMA is universally expressed on malignant plasma cells¹
- CD19 is expressed on both multiple myeloma cells and their progenitors², making it a valid therapeutic target to treat multiple myeloma

D'Agostino M, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2022

- 1. Tai YT, Anderson KC. Immunotherapy. 2015;7(11):1187-1199.
- 2. Boucher K, Parquet N, Widen R, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2012;18(22):6155-6168.

GC012F: Fast CAR Cuts Manufacturing Time to 22-36 Hours

Combines Activation & Transduction Steps, and Eliminates Need for ex vivo Expansion



GC012F: Study Design

Single-center, open label, single-arm IIT¹ study (N=16)

FPI August 2021

Patients continue to be assessed for response

Data cut-off Oct 14th 2022

Endpoints

- Primary: Adverse Events
- Secondary: ORR, BOR, DOR, MRD; PK/PD

Key eligibility criteria

- High-risk², transplant eligible, newly-diagnosed multiple myeloma (NDMM)
- Measurable disease
- 18-70 years old
- ECOG 0-2
- Expected survival ≥3 months

³ 2 cycles of induction therapy RVd (PAD cycle in one case) are given before or after apheresis.



Consent and Screening RVd induction therapy 2 **Apheresis** cvcles³ **GCO12F Next Day Manufacturing** QC Release Lymphodepletion D-5 to -3 **GC012F Single infusion** D0 **Dose Level 1** Dose Level 2 **Dose Level 3** 1x10⁵ cells/kg 2x10⁵ cells/kg 3x10⁵ cells/kg Post-infusion treatment based on PI's evaluation Follow-up assessment visits

¹ IIT – Investigator Initiated Study

² High-risk is defined as meeting at least one of the following: a) R-ISS stage II or III; b) High-risk cytogenetics: del17p, t(4;14), t(14;16), or 1q21 ≥4 copies; c) Extramedullary disease; d) IgD or IgE subtype; e) High-risk definition according to mSMART3.0; f) LDH > the upper limit of normal.

GC012F: Baseline Characteristics

Baseline Characteristics (N=16)

Median age, years (range)	59 (43-69)
Male, n (%)	11 (69)
Type of myeloma, n (%)	
IgG	7 (44)
IgA	4 (25)
IgD	2 (13)
Light chain	3 (19)
Induction therapy, n (%)	
2 cycles RVd ¹	15 (94)

Baseline Characteristics (N=16)

High-risk, n (%)	16 (100)	
R-ISS stage II/III	15 (94)	
High-risk cytogenetics ²	7 (47)	
Extramedullary plasmacytoma ≥1	11(69)	
High-risk as mSMART3.0	15 (94)	
LDH > upper limit of normal	3 (19)	
ECOG performance status, n (%)		
0	3 (19)	
1	9 (56)	
2	4 (25)	

²15 pts evaluable for cytogenetics high risk.



¹ RVd: Lenalidomide(Relimid), bortezomib (velcade) and dexamethasone.

PAD: bortezomib (PS-341), doxorubicin (adriamycin), and dexamethasone; 1 patient received one cycle of PAD and one cycle of RVd.

GC012F: Safety Profile

All CRS were Grade 1 or 2 and resolved within 4 days · No ICANS or any neurotoxicity was observed

N=16	CRS¹, n (%)	ICANS², n (%)
Grade 1	3 (19)	0 (0)
Grade 2	1 (6)	0 (0)
Grade 3	0 (0)	0 (0)
Grade 4-5	0 (0)	0 (0)
All grade	4 (25)	0 (0)

CRS any grade	Median (days)	Range (days)
Time to onset	6	6-7
Duration	2	1-4

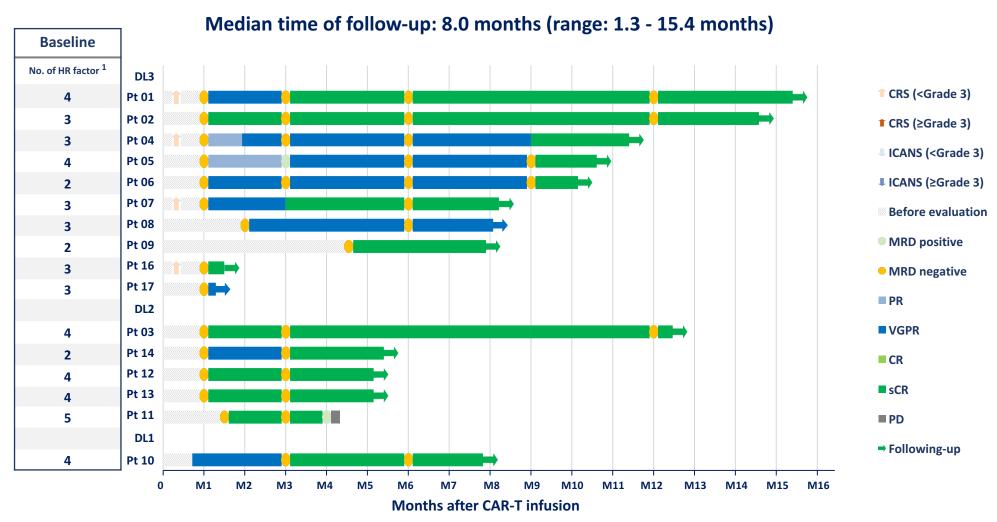
N=16	All Grades, n (%)	Grade ≥3, n (%)	
Hematologic TEAEs* (≥20% All Grades)			
Neutropenia	14 (88)	7 (44)	
Lymphopenia	14 (88)	13 (81)	
Leukopenia	14 (88)	8 (50)	
Thrombocytopenia	4 (25)	0 (0)	
Anemia	7 (44)	1 (6)	
Non-Hematologic TEAEs* (≥20% All Grades)			
LDH increased	7 (44)	0 (0)	
Hypoalbuminemia	6 (38)	0 (0)	

^{*}AEs were graded according to CTCAE v5.0; TEAE-treatment emergent adverse event; LDH-Lactase dehydrogenase.

¹CRS-Cytokine Release Syndrome, graded by ASTCT Consensus; treated with tocilizumab and/or glucocorticoids.

²ICANS-Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome, graded by ASTCT Consensus.

GC012F: Efficacy Assessment

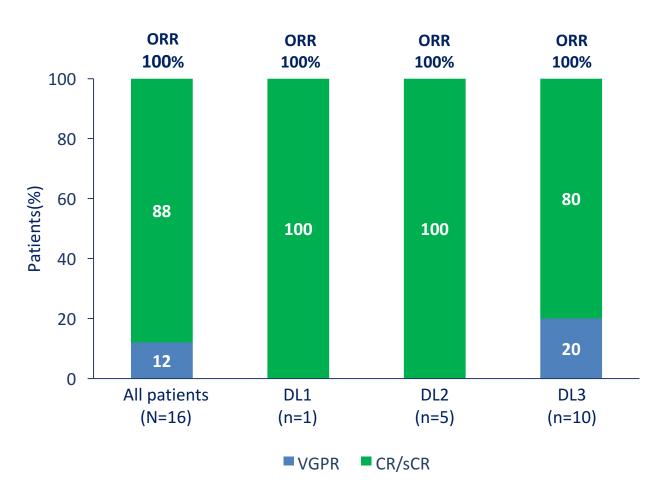


¹HR factors include: a) R-ISS stage II or III; b) High-risk cytogenetics: del17p, t(4;14), t(14;16), or 1q21 ≥4 copies; c) Extramedullary disease; d) IgD or IgE subtype; e) High-risk definition according to mSMART3.0; f) LDH > the upper limit of normal.



GC012F: Efficacy Assessment - ORR

ORR at time of data cut off Oct 14th 2022

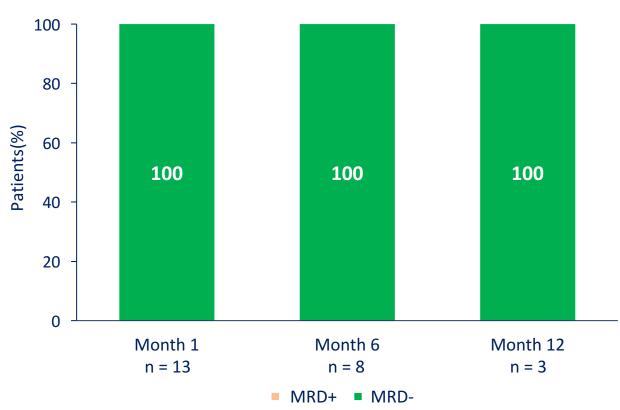


- ORR = 100% (16/16) patients
 - Best response achieved to date
 - 88% (14/16) MRD- sCR
 - 100% (16/16) VGPR or better
- Median duration of response (DOR) was not reached at data cut off
- Median duration of follow up 8.0 months (range: 1.3 - 15.4 months)

GC012F: Efficacy Assessment - MRD Negativity

Data cut-off Oct 14th 2022

MRD assessment* at the 1st, 6th and 12th month

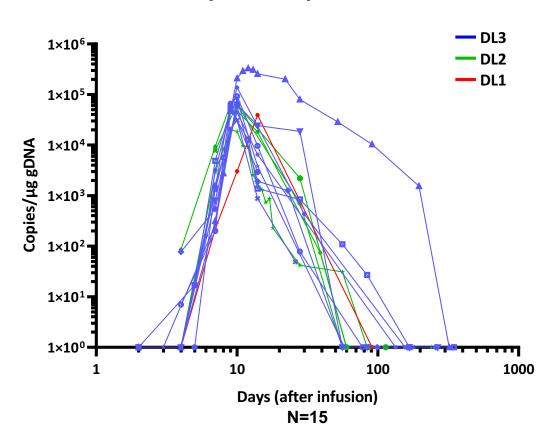


*MRD was tested by Euroflow at a sensitivity of 10-6

- 100% of MRD evaluable patients achieved
 MRD negativity at Month 1, Month 6 and
 Month 12
- 100% of MRD evaluable patients achieved
 MRD negativity in all dose levels

GC012F: Pharmacokinetics

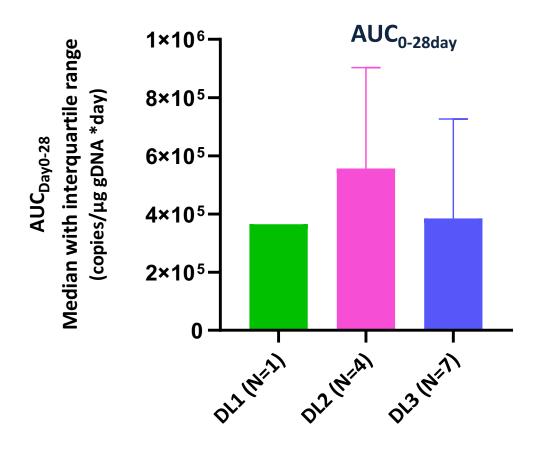
CAR Copies - Peripheral Blood



- Fast CAR-T GC012F expanded well in all patients with long persistence in all dose levels
- CAR-T median T_{max} was day 10 (range 9-14)
- Median peak copy number (C_{max}) was 63,086
 (range: 20,097-331,159 copies/μg genomic DNA)

Limit of detection (LOD) = 30 copies/ μ g gDNA Detection range 30-5x10⁶ μ g gDNA

GC012F: Pharmacokinetics - AUC



Median AUC_{0-28d} (copies*day/μg gDNA)

	Median	Range
DL 1 (n=1)	364,687	NA
DL 2 (n=5)	556,061	80,511 – 903,099
DL 3 (n=7)	384,367	118,838 – 3,918,003
Total (N=12)	398,821	80,511 – 3,918,003

GC012F: Conclusions

- GC012F shows a favorable safety profile in newly diagnosed multiple myeloma patients
 - Only 25% (4/16) patients experienced Grade 1-2 CRS
 - No Grade ≥3 CRS and no ICANS or any neurotoxicity observed
- 100% (16/16) ORR in *high risk* population
 - o 88% sCR, 100% ≥VGPR
 - Patients continue being followed up for deepening and durable response
- 100% (16/16) MRD negativity
- FAST and DEEP responses with median DOR not reached
- GC012F BCMA/CD19 dual-targeting CAR-T cell therapy shows very encouraging anti-tumor activity in transplant-eligible, high risk, newly diagnosed multiple myeloma patients